Southeast Water Coalition

A joint powers authority to protect the Central Groundwater Basin

Meeting Agenda Announcement

Assembly Bill ("AB") 361, signed into law on September 16, 2021, amends Government Code section 54953 to provide authority and specific requirements for public agencies to hold virtual meetings during a proclaimed state of emergency and remain in compliance with the Brown Act (Gov. Code §§ 54950 et seq.).

Consistent with mandates of AB 361, some, or all, SEWC Board Members may attend this meeting virtually. A physical location from which members of the public may observe the meeting or offer public comment will not be made available. Vernon City Hall will not be open to the public for this meeting; however, viewing and public comment options are provided below.

View live open session meeting remotely via Zoom:

Join Zoom Meeting:

www.cityofvernon.org/webinar-sewc-board

Mobile: (669) 900-6833

Meeting ID: 952 0754 3041

Password: 725897

Public Comment/Question options:

- Email: kjservicesenviro@gmail.com
- Voicemail: (323) 583-8811, ext. 888

Please submit email and voicemail public comments by at least 2:30 p.m. on the date of the meeting to ensure SEWC Members receive and have time to review them. All email and voicemails received by 2:30 p.m. are forwarded to SEWC Members. Email and voicemails received after 2:30 p.m. but before the conclusion of the public comment portion will be entered into the record.

AGENDA

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION

REGULAR MEETING OF THE POLICY BOARD

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 2023

6:30 PM

1. **ROLL CALL**

2. **PUBLIC COMMENTS**

3. **CONSENT CALENDAR**

   a. **SEWC BOARD OF DIRECTOR MINUTES OF DECEMBER 1, 2022 REGULAR MEETING**
   Recommendation: The December 1, 2022 meeting of the Policy Board was cancelled due to a lack of quorum.

   b. **WARRANT REGISTER**
   Recommendation: Approve Warrant Register.

   c. **MAKE FINDINGS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54953(e)(3) ESTABLISHED BY ASSEMBLY BILL 361 – NEW LEGISLATION REGARDING PUBLIC MEETINGS AND TELECONFERENCING**
   Recommendation: That the Policy Board take the following actions:

      1. Make the following findings pursuant to Government Code Section 54953 (e)(3):

         a) The Board has reconsidered the circumstances of the COVID-19 state of emergency; and
         b) State and local officials continue to recommend measures to promote social distancing.

**** End of Consent Calendar****

4. **FISCAL YEAR (FY) 2021 / 2022 SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION (SEWC) AUDIT**

Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon
Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Approve the SEWC financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2021/2022 with Report on Financial Statements and Communication Letters and authorize the audit report be finalized and submit the Financial Transactions Report with the State Controller's Office.

5. **AB 2449 – NEW LEGISLATION REGARDING TELECONFERENCING**

Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon
Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Receive and file an update on the new teleconferencing requirements established under AB 2449.

6. **RETURN TO IN-PERSON MEETINGS – AE AND POLICY BOARD**

Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon
Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

1. Establish a time and location for the resumption of in-person meetings for both the SEWC AE and Policy Board.
2. Approve Resolution 2023-1 rescinding and replacing Resolution 2022-1.

7. **CALIFORNIA STATE WATER BOARDS' REQUIREMENTS FOR MONITORING OF PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES FOR SELECTED WATER PURVEYORS AND THEIR IMPACTS ON SEWC CITIES**

Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon
Ray Cordero, City of Whittier
Dan Mueller, City of Whittier
Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Receive and file an update on the California Water Boards' requirements for monitoring certain PFAS substances by selected water purveyors, and their impacts on SEWC cities.

8. **CITIES' REPRESENTATION ON THE CENTRAL BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT (CBMWD)**

Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon
Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Discuss the current status of a nominee to fill the currently vacant At Large – Cities representative seat on the Central Basin Municipal Water District Board.

9. BOARD OF DIRECTORS COMMENTS

10. ADMINISTRATIVE ENTITY CHAIR / LEAD AGENCY COMMENTS

11. ADJOURNMENT

Disability-related services are available to enable persons with a disability to participate in this meeting, consistent with the Federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. For information, or to request services, please contact the City of Vernon Public Utilities Department at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting at (323) 583-8811 ext. 888.

The next meeting of the Southeast Water Coalition Policy Board will be on Thursday, April 6, 2023, 6:30pm, at Vernon City Hall, 4305 South Santa Fe Ave., Vernon, CA 90058.

I hereby certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the foregoing agenda was posted in accordance with the applicable legal requirements. Regular and Adjourned Regular meeting agendas may be amended up to 72 hours and Special meeting agendas may be amended up to 24 hours in advance of the meeting.

Dated: January 30, 2023

By: Lisa Umeda

Utilities Compliance Administrator

City of Vernon

Southeast Water Coalition
Warrant Listing September 30, 2022 thru December 31, 2022

Checks

Check#	Amount	Check Date	Transaction Description	Vendor name
610036	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	AGUAYO, MARIA I.
610048	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	DEL PILAR AVALOS, MARIA
609993	1,240.00	10/20/2022	SEWC CONSULTING	KJSERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL
610093	1,920.00	11/10/2022	SEWC CONSULTING	KJSERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL
610056	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	LARA, ANDREW C.
610059	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	MARTINEZ, OCTAVIO C.
610060	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	MORA, JOHN
610060	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	MORA, JOHN
610029	238.00	10/27/2022	SEWC LEGAL FEES	RICHARDS, WATSON & GERSHON
610029	97.50	10/27/2022	SEWC LEGAL FEES	RICHARDS, WATSON & GERSHON
610066	1,382.00	11/3/2022	SEWC LEGAL FEES	RICHARDS, WATSON & GERSHON
610124	680.00	11/16/2022	SEWC LEGAL FEES	RICHARDS, WATSON & GERSHON
610067	150.00	11/3/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	RODGERS, TODD
610145	600.00	11/23/2022	SEWC CONSULTING	KJSERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL
610281	2,000.00	12/21/2022	SEWC CONSULTING	KJSERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL
	9,207.50			

EFT

13851	150.00	11/4/2022	SEWC BOARD MEETING STIPEND	YBARRA, MELISSA
	150.00			

Total **9,357.50**

Southeast Water Coalition
A joint powers authority to protect the Central Groundwater Basin

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION
JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
AGENDA REPORT

Date: February 2, 2023
To: Southeast Water Coalition Board of Directors
From: Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon

Subject: Audit Report - Southeast Water Coalition (SEWC) Fiscal Year 2021/2022 Financial Statements

Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Approve the SEWC Financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2021/2022 with Report on Financial Statements and Communication Letters and authorize the audit report be finalized and submit the Financial Transactions Report with the State Controller's Office.

Discussion

Sections 7.i. and 14.b. of the Southeast Water Coalition (SEWC) Joint Powers Agreement (Agreement), dated June 28, 2005, outline SEWC's budget policies. According to the Agreement, an independent annual audit of SEWC's financial statements shall be conducted by a certified public accountant in compliance with Government Code Section 26909. Additionally, the report of said audit shall be filed as a public record with each agency and the County Auditor.

The SEWC Board, at its June 2, 2022 meeting, authorized the City of Commerce's Director of Finance, serving as SEWC Treasurer and Controller, to award a sole source contract to DavisFarr, Certified Public Accountants, to administer the annual audit of SEWC financial documents for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021/2022 and prepare the Financial Transactions Report and Supplement for the total cost of $5,550.

SEWC received the FY 21/22 Financial Statements from DavisFarr in December 2022. The audit finds that SEWC's financial statements were presented in conformity and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

On January 19, 2023, the Administrative Entity approved recommendation of the financial statements to the Board of Director. The Special District Financial Transactions report will be submitted to the State Controller's Office once the draft audit documents are approved by the Board.

It is recommended the Board approve the draft 2021/2022 Financial Statements with the associated Audit Communications and authorize the draft audit report be finalized and filed with the County.

Attachment(s):
1. SEWC Audit Communication Letters from DavisFarr
2. SEWC Financial Statements from DavisFarr

Southeast Water Coalition

Audit Communications

Year ended June 30, 2022

Southeast Water Coalition

Audit Communications

Year ended June 30, 2022

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DavisFarr
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Davis Farr LLP
18201 Von Karman Avenue | Suite 1100 | Irvine, CA 92612
Main: 949.474.2020 | Fax: 949.263.5520

REQUIRED AUDIT COMMUNICATIONS

Board of Directors
Southeast Water Coalition
Commerce, California

We have audited the financial statements of the Southeast Water Coalition (the Coalition) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February XX, 2023. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express opinions about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Coalition solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you**.**

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm, and our network firms have complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

We identified self-review threats to independence as a result of non-attest services provided. Those non-attest services included recording journal entries detected during the audit process and preparing the financial statements. To mitigate the risk, management has compared the draft financial statements and footnotes to the underlying accounting records to verify accuracy and ensure footnotes are complete and accurate. Additionally, we utilize a quality control reviewer to perform a second review of journal entries and the financial statements. We believe these safeguards are sufficient to reduce the independence threats to an acceptable level.

Significant Risks Identified

We have identified the following significant risks:

- Implementation of the new lease accounting standard: GASB 87 Leases. We evaluated the activity of the Coalition for any agreements that the new leasing standard may apply to.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Coalition is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting plicies and no change in signficant acconting policies or thir application during the fiscal year. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

- The disclosure of cash and investments in Note 2 to the financial statements

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Significant Unusual Transactions

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to communicate to you significant unusual transactions identified during our audit. There were no unusual transactions noted as a result of our audit procedures.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards also require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Uncorrected misstatements or matters underlying those uncorrected misstatements could potentially cause future-period financial statements to be materially misstated, even though the uncorrected misstatements are immaterial to the financial statements currently under audit. There were no uncorrected misstatements as a result of our audit procedures.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. There were no material misstatements as a result of our audit procedures.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the Coalition's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management in a letter dated February XX, 2023.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the Coalition, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, significant events or transactions that occurred during the year, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the Coalition's auditors.

Other Information Included in the Basic Financial Statements

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information, whether financial or nonfinancial, included in the Coalition's annual report, does not extend beyond the information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information. However, in accordance with such standards, we have read the information and considered whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, was materially inconsistent with its presentation in the financial statements.

Our responsibility also includes communicating to you any information which we believe is a material misstatement of fact. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Coalition and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Irvine, California
February XX, 2023

DavisFarr
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Davis Farr LLP
18201 Von Karman Avenue | Suite 1100 | Irvine, CA 92612
Main: 949.474.2020 | Fax: 949.263.5520

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors
Southeast Water Coalition
Commerce, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Southeast Water Coalition, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Southeast Water Coalition's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February XX, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Southeast Water Coalition's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Southeast Water Coalition's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Southeast Water Coalition's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Southeast Water Coalition's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of

noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Irvine, California
February XX, 2023

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION

Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2022

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DavisFarr
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Davis Farr LLP
18201 Von Karman Avenue | Suite 1100 | Irvine, CA 92612
Main: 949.474.2020 | Fax: 949.263.5520

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Southeast Water Coalition
Commerce, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Southeast Water Coalition (the "Coalition") as of and for the year June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coalition's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Coalition, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Coalition and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Coalition's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Coalition's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coalition's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Coalition's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December XX, 2022 on our consideration of the Coalition's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Coalition's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Irvine, California
December XX, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet

June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 1D)	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS:			
Cash	$ 221,303	$ -	$ 221,303
Due from member agencies	6,000	-	6,000
Total Assets	227,303	-	227,303
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	2,181	-	2,181
Total Liabilities	2,181	-	2,181
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION			
FUND BALANCE			
Unassigned	225,122	(225,122)	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	$ 227,303		
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		$ 225,122	$ 225,122

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION

Statement of Activities and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Adjustments (Note 1D)	Statement of Activities
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES:			
Contract services	$ 21,762	$ -	$ 21,762
Professional services	11,325	-	11,325
Policy Board compensation	7,200	-	7,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	40,287	-	40,287
PROGRAM REVENUES:			
Member contributions	33,000	-	33,000
Investment income	188	-	188
TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES	33,188	-	33,188
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES/ CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(7,099)	-	(7,099)
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION: BEGINNING OF YEAR	232,221	-	232,221
END OF YEAR	$ 225,122	$ -	$ 225,122

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance-Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Member contributions	$ 33,000	$ 33,000	$ 33,000	$ -
Investment income	1,000	1,000	188	(812)
Total Revenues	34,000	34,000	33,188	(812)
Expenditures:				
Contract services	40,000	40,000	21,762	(18,238)
Professional services	76,000	76,000	11,325	(64,675)
Travel, supplies, and meetings	4,100	4,100	-	(4,100)
Policy Board compensation	9,900	9,900	7,200	(2,700)
Administration	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Total Expenditures	131,000	131,000	40,287	(90,713)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(97,000)	(97,000)	(7,099)	(91,525)
Net changes in fund balance	(97,000)	(97,000)	(7,099)	(91,525)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	237,905	232,221	232,221	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	$ 140,905	$ 135,221	$ 225,122	$ (91,525)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Reporting Entity

On July 1, 1991, certain public agencies entered into a joint powers agreement to form the Southeast Water Coalition (the Coalition). Each member has one representative on the Policy Board and on the Administrative Entity. The purpose of the Coalition is to jointly exercise its powers for the purpose of improving the quality and quantity of potable water in the southeast area of Los Angeles County. The Coalition members are the cities of Downey, Whittier, Paramount, Pico Rivera, Lakewood, Norwalk, Commerce, Vernon, Cerritos, South Gate, and Santa Fe Springs.

It is the firm position of the Coalition that both the containment at Commerce Narrows and cleanup of the San Gabriel Basin are essential to the protection of the Central Basin. The containment program is the Coalition's primary short-term focus because the Commerce Narrows containment program serves primarily to protect the Central Basin.

In addition, the Coalition will work with communities and agencies in the San Gabriel Basin to expedite the cleanup of the San Gabriel Basin as a no less important, but longer term, focus. In addition, it is the goal of the Coalition to return the decision-making authority, both in terms of alternatives chosen and lead agency status with respect to the implementation of the containment program at Commerce Narrows and the cleanup of the San Gabriel Basin, to agencies at the local or state level while pursuing funds at the federal, state, and local levels.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental entities are required to report information on a government-wide basis and on a fund basis (with emphasis placed on major funds of the entity). The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The governmental fund financial statements (i.e., the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) report information on individual funds of the government. A fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Since the Coalition is engaged in a single governmental activity and has no component units, the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements have been combined on the same statement with a reconciliation of the individual line items in a separate column titled "Adjustments." The government-wide financial statements are reported in the "Statement of Net Position" and the "Statement of Activities" columns. The governmental fund financial statements are reported in the "General Fund" column.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows

of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Coalition considers revenues to be available if they are collected within a 60-day period to pay current liabilities at the end of the fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Amounts reported as program revenues are charges to member cities for goods, services, or privileges provided and related investment income.

D. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Certain line items in the basic financial statements may require adjustments to convert from the fund financial statements, which are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting, to the government-wide financial statements, which are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Coalition did not have any adjustments to make.

E. Budgetary Data

The Coalition adopts an annual budget at the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is prepared by the Budget Adhoc Committee and submitted to the Administrative Entity. The Administrative Entity reviews the budget, makes adjustments, and prepares the budget report for presentation to the Policy Board. The budget is legally enacted by a majority vote of the Policy Board at a noticed meeting. Any amendments must be approved by the Policy Board in accordance with prescribed procedures.

F. Net Position and Fund Balances

Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is reported as follows:

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents the net position of the Coalition that is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Coalition's policy is to apply restricted net position first. The Coalition did not have restricted net position during the current year.

Governmental Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance is reported on the fund statements as follows:

Unassigned Fund Balance - This classification includes the residual balance for the Coalition's general fund and includes all spendable amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Coalition's policy is to apply the restricted fund balance first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Coalition's policy is to apply the committed fund balance first, then the assigned fund balance, and finally the unassigned fund balance. The Coalition did not have restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances during the current year.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Coalition's cash was maintained in a deposit and investment pool managed by the City of Commerce during the year ended June 30, 2022. This pool is governed by and under the regulatory oversight of the investment policy adopted by the City Council of the City of Commerce. The Coalition has not adopted a deposit and investment policy separate from that of the City of Commerce.

Information regarding the City of Commerce's deposit and investment pool, including interest rate, credit, and custodial credit risks, can be found in the City of Commerce's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2022, located at City Hall and on the City of Commerce's website.

Southeast Water Coalition
A joint powers authority to protect the Central Groundwater Basin

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION
JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
AGENDA REPORT

Date: February 2, 2023
To: Southeast Water Coalition Board of Directors
From: Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon

SUBJECT: AB 2449 – NEW LEGISLATION REGARDING TELECONFERENCING

Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Receive and file an update on the new teleconferencing requirements established under AB 2449.

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Background

Currently SEWC is holding both its Administrative Entity meetings and its Board meetings under the relaxed teleconferencing requirements established under AB 361. Under the relaxed teleconferencing provisions, a legislative body may meet via teleconferencing without a quorum of members physically present; without having to post agendas at all teleconferencing locations; without identifying each teleconferencing location; and without making each teleconferencing location accessible to the public. To utilize these provisions, a legislative body is required to make periodic findings every 30 days. The requirements of AB 361 are effective until January 1, 2024.

In September 2022, AB 2449 was passed by the legislature which provides alternate authority for members of local agency legislative bodies to participate in public meetings via teleconference in certain limited circumstances. This bill becomes effective January 1, 2023 and ends January 1, 2026.

Per Mr. Nick Ghirelli of Richards, Watson and Gershon, Governor Newsom plans to end his announced COVID emergency on February 28, 2023. After that, legislative bodies will no longer be able to operate under the terms of AB 361 and will, if a teleconferencing option for meetings is required, follow the requirements of AB 2449.

The following summary of AB 2449's requirements is from Mr. Ghirelli's memo to SEWC on September 29, 2022:

Like AB 361, AB 2449 does not require local agencies to follow certain traditional Brown Act teleconferencing requirements like posting agendas at all teleconference locations, identifying all teleconference locations in the meeting agendas, or making each teleconference location open to the public.

Also like AB 361, local agencies relying on teleconferencing under AB 2449 must follow certain requirements for noticing and conducting remote meetings. Meeting notices and agendas must identify the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment. Meeting agendas must identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend and address the legislative body directly via a call-in option, via an internet-based service option, and at the in-person location of the meeting. In the event of a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the agency's control that prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the legislative body may take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored. The legislative body may not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time.

Unlike teleconferencing under AB 361, AB 2449 requires at least a quorum of the legislative body to participate in person from a singular, physical location clearly identified on the agenda, open to the public, and situated within the boundaries of the territory over which the agency exercises jurisdiction. This location would normally be the body's regular meeting location.

Members of the legislative body participating remotely pursuant to AB 2449 must publicly disclose at the meeting before any action is taken whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room at the remote location with the member, and the general nature of the member's relationship with any such individuals. Members must also participate through both audio and visual technology so that the public can remotely hear and visually observe them. To do this, AB 2449 requires either a two-way audiovisual platform or a two-way telephonic service with a live webcasting of the meeting.

AB 2449 is not intended to allow for frequent teleconferencing under relaxed requirements, but rather provides a limited option to enable legislative body members to participate remotely from time-to-time without following the traditional Brown Act teleconferencing rules.

Attachments:

1. Richards, Watson and Gershon memo of September 29, 2022
2. Nick Ghirelli email of October 17, 2022
3. AB 2449 text

Nicholas R. Ghirelli

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September 29, 2022

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL
jmoreno@cityofvernon.org

Southeast Water Coalition Joint Powers Authority
c/o Joanna Moreno
City of Vernon
4305 South Santa Fe Avenue
Vernon, California 90058

Re: AB 2449 - New Legislation Regarding Teleconferencing

Dear Ms. Moreno:

I write to inform you of Assembly Bill ("AB") 2449, new legislation regarding the use of teleconferencing (including videoconferencing) for meetings that are subject to the Brown Act (Government Code Sections 54950 et seq.). AB 2449 provides alternate authority for members of a local agency legislative body to participate in public meetings via teleconference in certain limited circumstances. This authorization is separate from the traditional Brown Act teleconferencing provisions. It is also separate from the relaxed teleconferencing provisions established by AB 361 (2021) for declared emergencies. The provisions of AB 2449 are effective for a period of three years beginning January 1, 2023 and ending January 1, 2026.

Traditional Teleconferencing Under the Brown Act

As a reminder, with specified exceptions, the Brown Act requires that all meetings of a local agency legislative body be open and public and that all persons be permitted to attend and participate.[1] The Brown Act allows for meetings to occur via teleconferencing subject to certain requirements: the agency must identify the teleconference location of each legislative body member that will be participating in the meeting; each teleconference location must be accessible to the public; members of the public must be allowed to address the legislative body at each teleconference location; the meeting agenda must be posted at each teleconference

[1] Gov. Code § 54953(a).

location; and at least a quorum of the legislative body must participate from locations within the boundaries of the agency's jurisdiction.[2]

AB 361: Relaxed Teleconferencing Requirements During a Proclaimed State of Emergency

AB 361, adopted as urgency legislation in 2021 and effective until January 1, 2024, amended the Brown Act to relax teleconferencing requirements during Governor-proclaimed emergencies. The AB 361 relaxed teleconferencing requirements apply when either state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, or when the local agency legislative body determines that as a result of the emergency meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.[3] Under AB 361's relaxed teleconferencing provisions, a legislative body may meet via teleconference without a quorum of members physically present; without having to post agendas at all teleconference locations; without identifying each teleconference location; and without making each teleconference location accessible to the public. To utilize these provisions, a legislative body is required to make periodic findings every 30 days.[4] As of the writing of this letter, the Governor's COVID-19 state of emergency remains in effect, thus allowing local agency legislative bodies to continue using AB 361's teleconferencing procedure if they are able to make the necessary findings. AB 361 is addressed in more detail in the advice memorandum our office provided last year titled "Assembly Bill 361–New Legislation Regarding Public Meetings and Teleconferencing" which is enclosed.

AB 2449: New Alternative Teleconferencing Requirements for Limited Circumstances

AB 2449 now provides local agency legislative bodies an additional, but limited, teleconferencing option starting January 1, 2023. This new legislation is a further attempt to provide local agencies with greater flexibility to conduct teleconferenced meetings. While AB 2449 shares many similarities with AB 361, important differences mean that an agency relying on AB 2449 will be required to have a physical meeting space.

Like AB 361, AB 2449 does not require local agencies to follow certain traditional Brown Act teleconferencing requirements like posting agendas at all teleconference locations, identifying all teleconference locations in the meeting agendas, or making each teleconference location open to the public.[5]

[2] Gov. Code § 54953(b).
[3] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(1).
[4] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(3).
[5] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1).

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Also like AB 361, local agencies relying on teleconferencing under AB 2449 must follow certain requirements for noticing and conducting remote meetings. Meeting notices and agendas must identify the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment.[6] Meeting agendas must identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend and address the legislative body directly via a call-in option, via an internet-based service option, and at the in-person location of the meeting.[7] In the event of a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the agency's control that prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the legislative body may take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored.[8] The legislative body may not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time.[9]

Unlike teleconferencing under AB 361, AB 2449 requires at least a quorum of the legislative body to participate in person from a singular, physical location clearly identified on the agenda, open to the public, and situated within the boundaries of the territory over which the agency exercises jurisdiction.[10] This location would normally be the body's regular meeting location.

Members of the legislative body participating remotely pursuant to AB 2449 must publicly disclose at the meeting before any action is taken whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room at the remote location with the member, and the general nature of the member's relationship with any such individuals.[11] Members must also participate through both audio and visual technology so that the public can remotely hear and visually observe

[6] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1)(B).
[7] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1)(C).
[8] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1)(D).
[9] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1)(E).
[10] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1).
[11] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(2)(B).

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them.[12] To do this, AB 2449 requires either a two-way audiovisual platform[13] or a two-way telephonic service[14] with a live webcasting[15] of the meeting.[16]

AB 2449 is not intended to allow for frequent teleconferencing under relaxed requirements, but rather provides a limited option to enable legislative body members to participate remotely from time-to-time without following the traditional Brown Act teleconferencing rules. Further, AB 2449 only allows for remote participation by legislative body members in two specified circumstances: (1) "just cause" or (2) "emergency circumstances."[17]

Just Cause: "Just cause" means any of the following: (A) a childcare or caregiving need of a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, spouse, or domestic partner that requires them to participate remotely; (B) a contagious illness that prevents a member from attending in person; (C) a need related to a physical or mental disability[18] not otherwise accommodated by the agency's procedures for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act;[19] or (D) travel while on official business of the legislative body or another state or local agency.[20] To participate remotely for just cause, a member must notify the legislative body "at the earliest opportunity possible, including at the start of a regular meeting, of their need to participate remotely for just cause." This notification must include a general description of the circumstances relating to their need to appear remotely at the given meeting.[21]

Emergency Circumstances: "Emergency circumstances" means a physical or family medical emergency that prevents a member from attending a meeting in person.[22] To participate remotely due to emergency circumstances, the member must request the legislative body to allow them to participate in the meeting remotely due to emergency circumstances and the legislative body must take action to approve the request.[23] If the legislative body does not

[12] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(2)(C).
[13] "Two-way audiovisual platform" means an online platform that provides participants with the ability to participate in a meeting via both an interactive video conference and a two-way telephonic function.
[14] "Two-way telephonic service" means a telephone service that does not require internet access, is not provided as part of a two-way audiovisual platform, and allows participants to dial a telephone number to listen and verbally participate.
[15] "Webcasting" means a streaming video broadcast online or on television, using streaming media technology to distribute a single content source to many simultaneous listeners and viewers.
[16] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(1)(A).
[17] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(2)(A).
[18] As defined in Government Code Sections 12926 and 12926.1.
[19] 42 U.S.C. § 12132.
[20] Gov. Code § 54953(j)(2).
[21] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(2)(A)(i).
[22] Gov. Code § 54953(j)(1)
[23] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(2)(A)(ii).

approve the request, the member may not participate via teleconference under AB 2449 at that meeting. The legislative body must request a general description of the circumstances relating to the member's need to appear remotely at the given meeting. A general description need not exceed 20 words and does not require the member to disclose any medical diagnosis or disability, or any personal medical information that is already exempt under existing law.[24]

A legislative body member should request to participate remotely at a meeting due to emergency circumstances as soon as possible, and a separate request is required for each meeting in which they seek to participate remotely.[25] The legislative body may approve such a request by a majority vote.[26] If the request is received at least 72 hours before a regular meeting, the legislative body's action on the request should be included on the agenda. If the request does not allow sufficient time to place proposed action on such a request on the posted agenda for the meeting, the legislative body may take action at the beginning of the meeting.[27]

For "just cause," legislative members are only allowed up participate remotely up to two meetings per calendar year. Otherwise, legislative members may not participate solely by teleconference from a remote location for a period of more than three consecutive months or 20 percent of the regular meetings for the legislative body within a calendar year, or more than two meetings if the legislative body regularly meets fewer than 10 times per calendar year.[28]

Recommendations

AB 2449 adds another option for local agency legislative bodies to use teleconferencing for public meetings. It does not change the traditional method of conducting a teleconference meeting under the Brown Act, nor does it alter the ability to hold a remote meetings provided by AB 361. Therefore, local agencies may conduct meetings under the provisions of AB 2449, AB 361, or traditional Brown Act teleconference requirements, provided the procedural and circumstantial requirements are met, or local agencies may conduct public meetings entirely in-person.

If your agency plans to use AB 2449 teleconferencing, consider the following recommendations:

1) Ensure that your remote meeting system meets all the procedural and substantive requirements of AB 2449.

[24] Such as the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act (Chapter 1 [commencing with Section 56] of Part 2.6 of Division 1 of the Civil Code).
[25] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(2)(A)(i)(I).
[26] Gov. Code §§ 54953(f)(2)(A)(i)(II); 54954.2(b)(4).
[27] Gov. Code §§ 54953(f)(2)(A)(i)(II).
[28] Gov. Code § 54953(f)(3).

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2) Create a system for legislative body members to submit their remote participation requests.

3) Keep track of the number of times each legislative body member participates remotely using AB 2449.

4) Educate legislative body members on their requirements under AB 2449 (e.g., participation through both audio and visual technology, request to participate remotely, instances of remote participation are limited, disclosure of other adults present while teleconferencing into a meeting).

5) Create template agenda language noting the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment and describing the action the legislative body will take to approve a member's request to participate remotely due to emergency circumstances.

6) Continue to conduct all votes by rollcall whenever conducting a teleconferenced meeting under AB 2449, similar to the requirements of AB 361 and the traditional Brown Act teleconferencing rules.

Please do not hesitate to reach out if you have any questions about teleconferencing under the Brown Act.

Very truly yours,



Nicholas R. Ghirelli
Legal Counsel

Enclosure: Memorandum - " Assembly Bill 361–New Legislation Regarding Public Meetings and Teleconferencing"

cc: Kevin Sales, kjservicesenviro@gmail.com

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Nicholas R. Ghirelli

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rwglaw.com

MEMORANDUM

TO: Kristen Sales, KJServices Environmental Consulting, LLC
Gina Nila, City of Commerce

FROM: Nicholas R. Ghirelli

DATE: September 22, 2021

SUBJECT: Assembly Bill 361 – New Legislation Regarding Public Meetings and Teleconferencing

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On September 16, 2021 Governor Newsom signed AB 361, new legislation that amends the Brown Act to allow local agencies to meet remotely during declared emergencies under certain conditions. AB 361 took effect immediately as an urgency measure, but the Governor subsequently suspended application of the legislation – with limited exceptions – until October 1, 2021.

AB 361 builds upon Executive Order ("EO") N-29-20, issued by the Governor on March 17, 2020, which relaxed the teleconferencing requirements of the Brown Act to facilitate virtual meetings during the COVID-19 declared emergency. EO N-29-20's provisions concerning public meetings generally apply through September 30, 2021.[1]

AB 361 authorizes local agencies to continue meeting remotely without following the Brown Act's standard teleconferencing provisions,[2] including the requirement that meetings be conducted in physical locations, if the meeting is held during a state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor and either of the following applies: (1) state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing;[3] or (2) the agency has already determined

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[1] EO N-08-21, ¶ 42, issued June 11, 2021; EO N-15-21, ¶ 1, issued September 20, 2021.

[2] The standard teleconferencing requirements found in Government Code Section 54953(b)(3) include the requirements to: (1) post agendas at all teleconference locations, (2) identify each teleconference location in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and (3) make each teleconference location accessible to the public.

[3] We recommend that you consult with your RWG attorney to determine whether state or local officials have imposed or recommended any measures to promote social distancing at this time.

or is determining whether, as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.[4]

EO N-29-20 required legislative bodies[5] to make remote public meetings accessible telephonically or otherwise electronically to all members of the public seeking to observe and to address the local legislative body, and to make reasonable efforts to adhere as closely as reasonably possible to the provisions of the Brown Act. AB 361 adds new procedures and clarifies the requirements for conducting remote meetings as follows:

- *Public Comment Opportunities in Real Time:* A legislative body that meets remotely pursuant to AB 361 must allow members of the public to access the meeting via a call-in option or an internet-based service option, and the agenda for the remote meeting must provide an opportunity for members of the public to directly address the body in real time.[6] Although the agency may still ask for public comments to be submitted in advance, the agency cannot require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting.[7] Agencies may not close a public comment period until members of the public are given the opportunity to register and the time for that comment period has elapsed, whether it is for a specific agenda item or a general comment period.[8] If an agency does not provide a timed public comment period, but takes public comment separately on each agenda item, it must allow a reasonable amount of time per agenda item to allow members of the public the opportunity to provide public comment, including time to register or "otherwise be recognized for the purpose of providing public comment."[9]

- *No Action During Disruptions:* In the event of a disruption that prevents the local agency from broadcasting the remote meeting, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control that prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, AB 361 prohibits the legislative

[4] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(1). AB 361 also provides, until January 31, 2022, similar temporary relaxation of in-person meeting and teleconferencing requirements for state bodies subject to the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act and legislative bodies of student body organizations subject to the Gloria Romero Open Meetings Act of 2000.
[5] For purposes of the Brown Act, the term "legislative body" is defined to include the governing body of a local agency (e.g., the city council or the board of supervisors) and any commission, committee, board, or other body of the local agency, whether permanent or temporary, decision-making or advisory, that is created by formal action of a legislative body. Gov. Code § 54952(a)-(b).
[6] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(2)(B), (E). AB 361 further provides that, "[i]n each instance in which notice of the time of the teleconferenced meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment." Gov. Code § 54953(e)(2)(B).
[7] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(2)(E).
[8] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(2)(G).
[9] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(2)(G)(ii). Accordingly, adequate time should be given to allow remote speakers to access the meeting, such as a few extra seconds to allow speakers to unmute, or overcome technical difficulties.

body from taking any further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in or internet-based options is restored.[10]

- *Periodic Findings:* To continue meeting remotely pursuant to AB 361, an agency must make periodic findings that: (1) the body has reconsidered the circumstances of the declared emergency; and (2) the emergency impacts the ability of the body's members to meet safely in person, or state or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.[11] These findings should be made not later than 30 days after teleconferencing for the first time pursuant to AB 361, and every 30 days thereafter. We recommend that the agency initially make these findings in October 2021, and place on the agenda (as a placeholder) "reconsideration" of the findings every month thereafter. AB 361 will sunset on January 1, 2024.[12]

While AB 361 took effect immediately as urgency legislation, the Governor issued an executive order on September 20, 2021 that generally suspends application of the legislation until October 1, 2021.[13] This suspension does not apply, however, to any local legislative body that meets remotely to determine whether – as a result of a gubernatorial proclaimed emergency – meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees; any such meeting held on or after September 20, 2021 must be conducted in accordance with the procedural requirements set forth in AB 361.[14]

For further information regarding AB 361, please do not hesitate to contact me.

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[10] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(2)(D).
[11] Gov. Code § 54953(e)(3).
[12] Gov. Code § 54953(f).
[13] EO N-15-21, ¶ 1, issued September 20, 2021.
[14] *Id.*

Gmail kevin sales <kjservicesenviro@gmail.com>

Virtual SEWC Meetings

2 messages

Nicholas Ghirelli <NGhirelli@rwglaw.com> Mon, Oct 17, 2022 at 5:10 PM
To: kevin sales <kjservicesenviro@gmail.com>, Joanna Moreno <jmoreno@ci.vernon.ca.us>

Kevin and Joanna,

As an FYI, the Governor intends to end his COVID-19 emergency on February 28, 2023, so please plan on the last fully virtual SEWC meeting being held in February 2023. Thereafter, you can rely on AB 2449 to hold partially virtual meetings, provided that a quorum meets in a physical location (which I know isn't always easy). Please reach out with any questions.

Nick

Nicholas R. Ghirelli
Shareholder

RWG LAW

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Moreno, Joanna Hurtado <jmoreno@cityofvernon.org> Tue, Oct 18, 2022 at 7:09 AM
To: Nicholas Ghirelli <NGhirelli@rwglaw.com>, kevin sales <kjservicesenviro@gmail.com>

Good morning, Nick,

Sounds good, thank you. We will plan accordingly.

Best,

Joanna

From: Nicholas Ghirelli <NGhirelli@rwglaw.com>
Sent: Monday, October 17, 2022 5:11 PM
To: kevin sales <kjservicesenviro@gmail.com>; Moreno, Joanna Hurtado <jmoreno@ci.vernon.ca.us>
Subject: Virtual SEWC Meetings

[EXTERNAL E-MAIL]

[Quoted text hidden]

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
AUTHENTICATED
ELECTRONIC LEGAL MATERIAL

Assembly Bill No. 2449

CHAPTER 285

An act to amend, repeal, and add Sections 54953 and 54954.2 of the Government Code, relating to local government.

[Approved by Governor September 13, 2022. Filed with Secretary of State September 13, 2022.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2449, Blanca Rubio. Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.

Existing law, the Ralph M. Brown Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a legislative body of a local agency, as those terms are defined, be open and public and that all persons be permitted to attend and participate. The act generally requires posting an agenda at least 72 hours before a regular meeting that contains a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting, and prohibits any action or discussion from being undertaken on any item not appearing on the posted agenda. The act authorizes a legislative body to take action on items of business not appearing on the posted agenda under specified conditions. The act contains specified provisions regarding providing for the ability of the public to observe and provide comment. The act allows for meetings to occur via teleconferencing subject to certain requirements, particularly that the legislative body notice each teleconference location of each member that will be participating in the public meeting, that each teleconference location be accessible to the public, that members of the public be allowed to address the legislative body at each teleconference location, that the legislative body post an agenda at each teleconference location, and that at least a quorum of the legislative body participate from locations within the boundaries of the local agency's jurisdiction. The act provides an exemption to the jurisdictional requirement for health authorities, as defined.

Existing law, until January 1, 2024, authorizes a local agency to use teleconferencing without complying with those specified teleconferencing requirements in specified circumstances when a declared state of emergency is in effect, or in other situations related to public health.

This bill would revise and recast those teleconferencing provisions and, until January 1, 2026, would authorize a local agency to use teleconferencing without complying with the teleconferencing requirements that each teleconference location be identified in the notice and agenda and that each teleconference location be accessible to the public if at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body participates in person from a singular physical location clearly identified on the agenda that is open to the public and situated within the local agency's jurisdiction. Under this exception,

the bill would authorize a member to participate remotely under specified circumstances, including participating remotely for just cause or due to emergency circumstances. The emergency circumstances basis for remote participation would be contingent on a request to, and action by, the legislative body, as prescribed. The bill, until January 1, 2026, would authorize a legislative body to consider and take action on a request from a member to participate in a meeting remotely due to emergency circumstances if the request does not allow sufficient time to place the proposed action on the posted agenda for the meeting for which the request is made. The bill would define terms for purposes of these teleconferencing provisions.

This bill would impose prescribed requirements for this exception relating to notice, agendas, the means and manner of access, and procedures for disruptions. The bill would require the legislative body to implement a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, consistent with federal law.

Existing constitutional provisions require that a statute that limits the right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies be adopted with findings demonstrating the interest protected by the limitation and the need for protecting that interest.

This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

The California Constitution requires local agencies, for the purpose of ensuring public access to the meetings of public bodies and the writings of public officials and agencies, to comply with a statutory enactment that amends or enacts laws relating to public records or open meetings and contains findings demonstrating that the enactment furthers the constitutional requirements relating to this purpose.

This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 54953 of the Government Code, as amended by Section 3 of Chapter 165 of the Statutes of 2021, is amended to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative body of a local agency, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all otherwise applicable requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, the legislative body of a local agency shall comply with all of the following:

(A) All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(B) The teleconferenced meetings shall be conducted in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency.

(C) The legislative body shall give notice of the meeting and post agendas as otherwise required by this chapter.

(D) The legislative body shall allow members of the public to access the meeting and the agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location shall be accessible to the public. During the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivisions (d) and (e).

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) (1) The legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing without complying with the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) if the legislative body complies with the requirements of paragraph (2) of this subdivision in any of the following circumstances:

(A) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency, and state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing.

(B) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency for the purpose of determining, by majority vote, whether as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

(C) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency and has determined, by majority vote, pursuant to subparagraph (B), that, as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

(2) A legislative body that holds a meeting pursuant to this subdivision shall do all of the following:

(A) In each instance in which notice of the time of the teleconferenced meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment. The agenda shall identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend via a call-in option or an internet-based service option.

(B) In the event of a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control that prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the legislative body shall take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored. Actions taken on agenda items

during a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting may be challenged pursuant to Section 54960.1.

(C) The legislative body shall not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time.

(D) Notwithstanding Section 54953.3, an individual desiring to provide public comment through the use of an internet website, or other online platform, not under the control of the local legislative body, that requires registration to log in to a teleconference may be required to register as required by the third-party internet website or online platform to participate.

(E) (i) A legislative body that provides a timed public comment period for each agenda item shall not close the public comment period for the agenda item, or the opportunity to register, pursuant to subparagraph (F), to provide public comment until that timed public comment period has elapsed.

(ii) A legislative body that does not provide a timed public comment period, but takes public comment separately on each agenda item, shall allow a reasonable amount of time per agenda item to allow public members the opportunity to provide public comment, including time for members of the public to register pursuant to subparagraph (F), or otherwise be recognized for the purpose of providing public comment.

(iii) A legislative body that provides a timed general public comment period that does not correspond to a specific agenda item shall not close the public comment period or the opportunity to register, pursuant to subparagraph (F), until the timed general public comment period has elapsed.

(3) If a state of emergency remains active, or state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, in order to continue to teleconference without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), the legislative body shall, not later than 30 days after teleconferencing for the first time pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1), and every 30 days thereafter, make the following findings by majority vote:

(A) The legislative body has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency.

(B) Any of the following circumstances exist:

(i) The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members to meet safely in person.

(ii) State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

(4) This subdivision shall not be construed to require the legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment.

(f) (1) The legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing without complying with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) if, during the teleconference meeting, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body participates in person from a singular physical location clearly identified on the agenda, which location shall be open to the public and situated within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency

exercises jurisdiction and the legislative body complies with all of the following:

(A) The legislative body shall provide at least one of the following as a means by which the public may remotely hear and visually observe the meeting, and remotely address the legislative body:

(i) A two-way audiovisual platform.

(ii) A two-way telephonic service and a live webcasting of the meeting.

(B) In each instance in which notice of the time of the teleconferenced meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment.

(C) The agenda shall identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend and address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 via a call-in option, via an internet-based service option, and at the in-person location of the meeting.

(D) In the event of a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control that prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the legislative body shall take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored. Actions taken on agenda items during a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting may be challenged pursuant to Section 54960.1.

(E) The legislative body shall not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time.

(F) Notwithstanding Section 54953.3, an individual desiring to provide public comment through the use of an internet website, or other online platform, not under the control of the local legislative body, that requires registration to log in to a teleconference may be required to register as required by the third-party internet website or online platform to participate.

(2) A member of the legislative body shall only participate in the meeting remotely pursuant to this subdivision, if all of the following requirements are met:

(A) One of the following circumstances applies:

(i) The member notifies the legislative body at the earliest opportunity possible, including at the start of a regular meeting, of their need to participate remotely for just cause, including a general description of the circumstances relating to their need to appear remotely at the given meeting. The provisions of this clause shall not be used by any member of the legislative body for more than two meetings per calendar year.

(ii) The member requests the legislative body to allow them to participate in the meeting remotely due to emergency circumstances and the legislative body takes action to approve the request. The legislative body shall request a general description of the circumstances relating to their need to appear

remotely at the given meeting. A general description of an item generally need not exceed 20 words and shall not require the member to disclose any medical diagnosis or disability, or any personal medical information that is already exempt under existing law, such as the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 56) of Part 2.6 of Division 1 of the Civil Code). For the purposes of this clause, the following requirements apply:

(I) A member shall make a request to participate remotely at a meeting pursuant to this clause as soon as possible. The member shall make a separate request for each meeting in which they seek to participate remotely.

(II) The legislative body may take action on a request to participate remotely at the earliest opportunity. If the request does not allow sufficient time to place proposed action on such a request on the posted agenda for the meeting for which the request is made, the legislative body may take action at the beginning of the meeting in accordance with paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 54954.2.

(B) The member shall publicly disclose at the meeting before any action is taken, whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room at the remote location with the member, and the general nature of the member's relationship with any such individuals.

(C) The member shall participate through both audio and visual technology.

(3) The provisions of this subdivision shall not serve as a means for any member of a legislative body to participate in meetings of the legislative body solely by teleconference from a remote location for a period of more than three consecutive months or 20 percent of the regular meetings for the local agency within a calendar year, or more than two meetings if the legislative body regularly meets fewer than 10 times per calendar year.

(g) The legislative body shall have and implement a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, consistent with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and resolving any doubt in favor of accessibility. In each instance in which notice of the time of the meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the procedure for receiving and resolving requests for accommodation.

(h) The legislative body shall conduct meetings subject to this chapter consistent with applicable civil rights and nondiscrimination laws.

(i) (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a legislative body from providing the public with additional teleconference locations.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a legislative body from providing members of the public with additional physical locations in which the public may observe and address the legislative body by electronic means.

(j) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Emergency circumstances" means a physical or family medical emergency that prevents a member from attending in person.

(2) "Just cause" means any of the following:

(A) A childcare or caregiving need of a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, spouse, or domestic partner that requires them to participate remotely. "Child," "parent," "grandparent," "grandchild," and "sibling" have the same meaning as those terms do in Section 12945.2.

(B) A contagious illness that prevents a member from attending in person.

(C) A need related to a physical or mental disability as defined in Sections 12926 and 12926.1 not otherwise accommodated by subdivision (g).

(D) Travel while on official business of the legislative body or another state or local agency.

(3) "Remote location" means a location from which a member of a legislative body participates in a meeting pursuant to subdivision (f), other than any physical meeting location designated in the notice of the meeting. Remote locations need not be accessible to the public.

(4) "Remote participation" means participation in a meeting by teleconference at a location other than any physical meeting location designated in the notice of the meeting. Watching or listening to a meeting via webcasting or another similar electronic medium that does not permit members to interactively hear, discuss, or deliberate on matters, does not constitute remote participation.

(5) "State of emergency" means a state of emergency proclaimed pursuant to Section 8625 of the California Emergency Services Act (Article 1 (commencing with Section 8550) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2).

(6) "Teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both.

(7) "Two-way audiovisual platform" means an online platform that provides participants with the ability to participate in a meeting via both an interactive video conference and a two-way telephonic function.

(8) "Two-way telephonic service" means a telephone service that does not require internet access, is not provided as part of a two-way audiovisual platform, and allows participants to dial a telephone number to listen and verbally participate.

(9) "Webcasting" means a streaming video broadcast online or on television, using streaming media technology to distribute a single content source to many simultaneous listeners and viewers.

(k) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2024, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 2. Section 54953 of the Government Code, as added by Section 4 of Chapter 165 of the Statutes of 2021, is amended to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative body of a local agency, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding

shall comply with all otherwise applicable requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, the legislative body of a local agency shall comply with all of the following:

(A) All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(B) The teleconferenced meetings shall be conducted in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency.

(C) The legislative body shall give notice of the meeting and post agendas as otherwise required by this chapter.

(D) The legislative body shall allow members of the public to access the meeting and the agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location shall be accessible to the public. During the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivision (d).

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Division 10 (commencing with Section 7920.000) of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows

any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) (1) The legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing without complying with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) if, during the teleconference meeting, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body participates in person from a singular physical location clearly identified on the agenda, which location shall be open to the public and situated within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction and the legislative body complies with all of the following:

(A) The legislative body shall provide at least one of the following as a means by which the public may remotely hear and visually observe the meeting, and remotely address the legislative body:

(i) A two-way audiovisual platform.

(ii) A two-way telephonic service and a live webcasting of the meeting.

(B) In each instance in which notice of the time of the teleconferenced meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment.

(C) The agenda shall identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend and address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 via a call-in option, via an internet-based service option, and at the in-person location of the meeting.

(D) In the event of a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control that prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the legislative body shall take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored. Actions taken on agenda items

during a disruption that prevents the legislative body from broadcasting the meeting may be challenged pursuant to Section 54960.1.

(E) The legislative body shall not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time.

(F) Notwithstanding Section 54953.3, an individual desiring to provide public comment through the use of an internet website, or other online platform, not under the control of the local legislative body, that requires registration to log in to a teleconference may be required to register as required by the third-party internet website or online platform to participate.

(2) A member of the legislative body shall only participate in the meeting remotely pursuant to this subdivision, if all of the following requirements are met:

(A) One of the following circumstances applies:

(i) The member notifies the legislative body at the earliest opportunity possible, including at the start of a regular meeting, of their need to participate remotely for just cause, including a general description of the circumstances relating to their need to appear remotely at the given meeting. The provisions of this clause shall not be used by any member of the legislative body for more than two meetings per calendar year.

(ii) The member requests the legislative body to allow them to participate in the meeting remotely due to emergency circumstances and the legislative body takes action to approve the request. The legislative body shall request a general description of the circumstances relating to their need to appear remotely at the given meeting. A general description of an item generally need not exceed 20 words and shall not require the member to disclose any medical diagnosis or disability, or any personal medical information that is already exempt under existing law, such as the Confidentiality of Medical Information Act (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 56) of Part 2.6 of Division 1 of the Civil Code). For the purposes of this clause, the following requirements apply:

(I) A member shall make a request to participate remotely at a meeting pursuant to this clause as soon as possible. The member shall make a separate request for each meeting in which they seek to participate remotely.

(II) The legislative body may take action on a request to participate remotely at the earliest opportunity. If the request does not allow sufficient time to place proposed action on such a request on the posted agenda for the meeting for which the request is made, the legislative body may take action at the beginning of the meeting in accordance with paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 54954.2.

(B) The member shall publicly disclose at the meeting before any action is taken whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room at the remote location with the member, and the general nature of the member’s relationship with any such individuals.

(C) The member shall participate through both audio and visual technology.

(3) The provisions of this subdivision shall not serve as a means for any member of a legislative body to participate in meetings of the legislative body solely by teleconference from a remote location for a period of more than three consecutive months or 20 percent of the regular meetings for the local agency within a calendar year, or more than two meetings if the legislative body regularly meets fewer than 10 times per calendar year.

(f) The legislative body shall have and implement a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, consistent with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and resolving any doubt in favor of accessibility. In each instance in which notice of the time of the meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the procedure for receiving and resolving requests for accommodation.

(g) The legislative body shall conduct meetings subject to this chapter consistent with applicable civil rights and nondiscrimination laws.

(h) (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a legislative body from providing the public with additional teleconference locations.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a legislative body from providing members of the public with additional physical locations in which the public may observe and address the legislative body by electronic means.

(i) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Emergency circumstances" means a physical or family medical emergency that prevents a member from attending in person.

(2) "Just cause" means any of the following:

(A) A childcare or caregiving need of a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, spouse, or domestic partner that requires them to participate remotely. "Child," "parent," "grandparent," "grandchild," and "sibling" have the same meaning as those terms do in Section 12945.2.

(B) A contagious illness that prevents a member from attending in person.

(C) A need related to a physical or mental disability as defined in Sections 12926 and 12926.1 not otherwise accommodated by subdivision (f).

(D) Travel while on official business of the legislative body or another state or local agency.

(3) "Remote location" means a location from which a member of a legislative body participates in a meeting pursuant to subdivision (e), other than any physical meeting location designated in the notice of the meeting. Remote locations need not be accessible to the public.

(4) "Remote participation" means participation in a meeting by teleconference at a location other than any physical meeting location designated in the notice of the meeting. Watching or listening to a meeting via webcasting or another similar electronic medium that does not permit members to interactively hear, discuss, or deliberate on matters, does not constitute remote participation.

(5) "Teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both.

(6) "Two-way audiovisual platform" means an online platform that provides participants with the ability to participate in a meeting via both an interactive video conference and a two-way telephonic function.

(7) "Two-way telephonic service" means a telephone service that does not require internet access, is not provided as part of a two-way audiovisual platform, and allows participants to dial a telephone number to listen and verbally participate.

(8) "Webcasting" means a streaming video broadcast online or on television, using streaming media technology to distribute a single content source to many simultaneous listeners and viewers.

(j) This section shall become operative January 1, 2024, shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 3. Section 54953 is added to the Government Code, to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative body of a local agency, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location shall be accessible to the public. During the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivision (d). The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 at each teleconference location.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local agency from providing the public with additional teleconference locations.

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) This section shall become operative January 1, 2026.

SEC. 4. Section 54954.2 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54954.2. (a) (1) At least 72 hours before a regular meeting, the legislative body of the local agency, or its designee, shall post an agenda containing a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting, including items to be discussed in closed session. A brief general description of an item generally need not exceed 20 words. The agenda shall specify the time and location of the

regular meeting and shall be posted in a location that is freely accessible to members of the public and on the local agency's Internet Web site, if the local agency has one. If requested, the agenda shall be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required by Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and the federal rules and regulations adopted in implementation thereof. The agenda shall include information regarding how, to whom, and when a request for disability-related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, may be made by a person with a disability who requires a modification or accommodation in order to participate in the public meeting.

(2) For a meeting occurring on and after January 1, 2019, of a legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state that has an Internet Web site, the following provisions shall apply:

(A) An online posting of an agenda shall be posted on the primary Internet Web site homepage of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state that is accessible through a prominent, direct link to the current agenda. The direct link to the agenda shall not be in a contextual menu; however, a link in addition to the direct link to the agenda may be accessible through a contextual menu.

(B) An online posting of an agenda including, but not limited to, an agenda posted in an integrated agenda management platform, shall be posted in an open format that meets all of the following requirements:

(i) Retrievable, downloadable, indexable, and electronically searchable by commonly used Internet search applications.

(ii) Platform independent and machine readable.

(iii) Available to the public free of charge and without any restriction that would impede the reuse or redistribution of the agenda.

(C) A legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state that has an Internet Web site and an integrated agenda management platform shall not be required to comply with subparagraph (A) if all of the following are met:

(i) A direct link to the integrated agenda management platform shall be posted on the primary Internet Web site homepage of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state. The direct link to the integrated agenda management platform shall not be in a contextual menu. When a person clicks on the direct link to the integrated agenda management platform, the direct link shall take the person directly to an Internet Web site with the agendas of the legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state.

(ii) The integrated agenda management platform may contain the prior agendas of a legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state for all meetings occurring on or after January 1, 2019.

(iii) The current agenda of the legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state shall be the first agenda available at the top of the integrated agenda management platform.

(iv) All agendas posted in the integrated agenda management platform shall comply with the requirements in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of subparagraph (B).

(D) For the purposes of this paragraph, both of the following definitions shall apply:

(i) "Integrated agenda management platform" means an Internet Web site of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state dedicated to providing the entirety of the agenda information for the legislative body of the city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state to the public.

(ii) "Legislative body" has the same meaning as that term is used in subdivision (a) of Section 54952.

(E) The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to a political subdivision of a local agency that was established by the legislative body of the city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state.

(3) No action or discussion shall be undertaken on any item not appearing on the posted agenda, except that members of a legislative body or its staff may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by persons exercising their public testimony rights under Section 54954.3. In addition, on their own initiative or in response to questions posed by the public, a member of a legislative body or its staff may ask a question for clarification, make a brief announcement, or make a brief report on his or her own activities. Furthermore, a member of a legislative body, or the body itself, subject to rules or procedures of the legislative body, may provide a reference to staff or other resources for factual information, request staff to report back to the body at a subsequent meeting concerning any matter, or take action to direct staff to place a matter of business on a future agenda.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the legislative body may take action on items of business not appearing on the posted agenda under any of the conditions stated below. Prior to discussing any item pursuant to this subdivision, the legislative body shall publicly identify the item.

(1) Upon a determination by a majority vote of the legislative body that an emergency situation exists, as defined in Section 54956.5.

(2) Upon a determination by a two-thirds vote of the members of the legislative body present at the meeting, or, if less than two-thirds of the members are present, a unanimous vote of those members present, that there is a need to take immediate action and that the need for action came to the attention of the local agency subsequent to the agenda being posted as specified in subdivision (a).

(3) The item was posted pursuant to subdivision (a) for a prior meeting of the legislative body occurring not more than five calendar days prior to

the date action is taken on the item, and at the prior meeting the item was continued to the meeting at which action is being taken.

(4) To consider action on a request from a member to participate in a meeting remotely due to emergency circumstances, pursuant to Section 54953, if the request does not allow sufficient time to place the proposed action on the posted agenda for the meeting for which the request is made. The legislative body may approve such a request by a majority vote of the legislative body.

(c) This section is necessary to implement and reasonably within the scope of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution.

(d) For purposes of subdivision (a), the requirement that the agenda be posted on the local agency's Internet Web site, if the local agency has one, shall only apply to a legislative body that meets either of the following standards:

(1) A legislative body as that term is defined by subdivision (a) of Section 54952.

(2) A legislative body as that term is defined by subdivision (b) of Section 54952, if the members of the legislative body are compensated for their appearance, and if one or more of the members of the legislative body are also members of a legislative body as that term is defined by subdivision (a) of Section 54952.

(e) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2026, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 5. Section 54954.2 is added to the Government Code, to read:

54954.2. (a) (1) At least 72 hours before a regular meeting, the legislative body of the local agency, or its designee, shall post an agenda containing a brief general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting, including items to be discussed in closed session. A brief general description of an item generally need not exceed 20 words. The agenda shall specify the time and location of the regular meeting and shall be posted in a location that is freely accessible to members of the public and on the local agency's Internet Web site, if the local agency has one. If requested, the agenda shall be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with a disability, as required by Section 202 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and the federal rules and regulations adopted in implementation thereof. The agenda shall include information regarding how, to whom, and when a request for disability-related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, may be made by a person with a disability who requires a modification or accommodation in order to participate in the public meeting.

(2) For a meeting occurring on and after January 1, 2019, of a legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state that has an Internet Web site, the following provisions shall apply:

(A) An online posting of an agenda shall be posted on the primary Internet Web site homepage of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state that is accessible through a prominent, direct link to the current agenda. The direct link to the agenda shall not be in a contextual menu; however, a link in addition to the direct link to the agenda may be accessible through a contextual menu.

(B) An online posting of an agenda including, but not limited to, an agenda posted in an integrated agenda management platform, shall be posted in an open format that meets all of the following requirements:

(i) Retrievable, downloadable, indexable, and electronically searchable by commonly used Internet search applications.

(ii) Platform independent and machine readable.

(iii) Available to the public free of charge and without any restriction that would impede the reuse or redistribution of the agenda.

(C) A legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state that has an Internet Web site and an integrated agenda management platform shall not be required to comply with subparagraph (A) if all of the following are met:

(i) A direct link to the integrated agenda management platform shall be posted on the primary Internet Web site homepage of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state. The direct link to the integrated agenda management platform shall not be in a contextual menu. When a person clicks on the direct link to the integrated agenda management platform, the direct link shall take the person directly to an Internet Web site with the agendas of the legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state.

(ii) The integrated agenda management platform may contain the prior agendas of a legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state for all meetings occurring on or after January 1, 2019.

(iii) The current agenda of the legislative body of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state shall be the first agenda available at the top of the integrated agenda management platform.

(iv) All agendas posted in the integrated agenda management platform shall comply with the requirements in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of subparagraph (B).

(D) For the purposes of this paragraph, both of the following definitions shall apply:

(i) “Integrated agenda management platform” means an Internet Web site of a city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state dedicated to providing the entirety of the agenda information for the legislative body of the city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state to the public.

(ii) “Legislative body” has the same meaning as that term is used in subdivision (a) of Section 54952.

(E) The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to a political subdivision of a local agency that was established by the legislative body of the city, county, city and county, special district, school district, or political subdivision established by the state.

(3) No action or discussion shall be undertaken on any item not appearing on the posted agenda, except that members of a legislative body or its staff may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed by persons exercising their public testimony rights under Section 54954.3. In addition, on their own initiative or in response to questions posed by the public, a member of a legislative body or its staff may ask a question for clarification, make a brief announcement, or make a brief report on his or her own activities. Furthermore, a member of a legislative body, or the body itself, subject to rules or procedures of the legislative body, may provide a reference to staff or other resources for factual information, request staff to report back to the body at a subsequent meeting concerning any matter, or take action to direct staff to place a matter of business on a future agenda.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the legislative body may take action on items of business not appearing on the posted agenda under any of the conditions stated below. Prior to discussing any item pursuant to this subdivision, the legislative body shall publicly identify the item.

(1) Upon a determination by a majority vote of the legislative body that an emergency situation exists, as defined in Section 54956.5.

(2) Upon a determination by a two-thirds vote of the members of the legislative body present at the meeting, or, if less than two-thirds of the members are present, a unanimous vote of those members present, that there is a need to take immediate action and that the need for action came to the attention of the local agency subsequent to the agenda being posted as specified in subdivision (a).

(3) The item was posted pursuant to subdivision (a) for a prior meeting of the legislative body occurring not more than five calendar days prior to the date action is taken on the item, and at the prior meeting the item was continued to the meeting at which action is being taken.

(c) This section is necessary to implement and reasonably within the scope of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution.

(d) For purposes of subdivision (a), the requirement that the agenda be posted on the local agency’s Internet Web site, if the local agency has one, shall only apply to a legislative body that meets either of the following standards:

(1) A legislative body as that term is defined by subdivision (a) of Section 54952.

(2) A legislative body as that term is defined by subdivision (b) of Section 54952, if the members of the legislative body are compensated for their appearance, and if one or more of the members of the legislative body are

also members of a legislative body as that term is defined by subdivision (a) of Section 54952.

(e) This section shall become operative January 1, 2026.

SEC. 6. The Legislature finds and declares that Sections 1 and 2 of this act, which amend Section 54953 of the Government Code, impose a limitation on the public's right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies within the meaning of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution. Pursuant to that constitutional provision, the Legislature makes the following findings to demonstrate the interest protected by this limitation and the need for protecting that interest:

By removing the requirement for agendas to be placed at the location of each public official participating in a public meeting remotely, including from the member's private home or hospital room, this act protects the personal, private information of public officials and their families while preserving the public's right to access information concerning the conduct of the people's business.

SEC. 7. The Legislature finds and declares that Sections 1 and 2 of this act, which amend Section 54953 of the Government Code, further, within the meaning of paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution, the purposes of that constitutional section as it relates to the right of public access to the meetings of local public bodies or the writings of local public officials and local agencies. Pursuant to paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution, the Legislature makes the following findings:

This act is necessary to ensure minimum standards for public participation and notice requirements allowing for greater public participation in teleconference meetings.

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Southeast Water Coalition
A joint powers authority to protect the Central Groundwater Basin

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION
JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
AGENDA REPORT

Date: February 2, 2023
To: Southeast Water Coalition Board of Directors
From: Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon

Subject: RETURN TO IN-PERSON MEETINGS – AE AND POLICY BOARD

Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

1. Establish a time and location for the resumption of in-person meetings for both the SEWC AE and Policy Board.
2. Approve Resolution 2023-1 rescinding and replacing Resolution 2022-1.

Background

Per an email received from Mr. Nicholas Ghirelli of Richards, Watson, Gershon, California Governor Gavin Newsom intends to end his COVID 19 Emergency Declaration on February 28, 2023. Assuming that the declaration is cancelled, the SEWC Board will no longer be able to meet under the loosened teleconferencing requirements established under SB 361. Beginning in March both SEWC's Administrative Entity as well as the Board of Directors will need to return to in-person meetings with only limited teleconferencing being available through the terms of SB 2449.

Under SEWC Resolution 2022-1, passed by the Board of Directors on June 2, 2022, SEWC has established a meeting location, meeting dates and times for both the AE and the Board of Directors.

At their January 19, 2023 meeting, the Administrative Entity voted to change their meeting time from 3pm to 12 noon with a lunch being served at 11:30am. Neither the meeting dates or location has changed from those prescribed in resolution 2022-2.

The Board of Directors meeting is currently held at 6:30 PM. In the past, before beginning teleconferenced meetings, the Board's meeting was held at 7 PM with a dinner served at 6:30 PM.

If the Board decides to return to an in-person meeting at 7 PM, a new resolution, 2023-1, will need to be approved. Resolution would include the new meeting times for both the AE and Board of Directors, as well as restating the meeting dates and location. Resolution 2023-2 would rescind and replace previously approved Resolution 2022-1.

Partially virtual meetings can continue to be held if they meet the requirements of AB 2449

Attachment(s):

1. SEWC Resolution 2022-1
2. Proposed SEWC Resolution 2023-1

RESOLUTION NO. 2022-01

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY DESIGNATING A LEAD AGENCY FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JULY 1, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024 AND PROVIDING FOR MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ADMINISTRATIVE ENTITY

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY DOES HEREBY RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. DESIGNATION OF LEAD AGENCY. The Board of Directors hereby designates the City of Vernon to serve as Lead Agency for the period beginning July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2024.

Section 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETINGS. The regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held, as necessary, on the first Thursday of every even numbered month at 6:30 P.M. at Vernon City Hall, 4305 S. Santa Fe Ave., Vernon, California 90058. In response to the outbreak of COVID-19, Governor Newsom adopted Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20 to allow local agencies to conduct public meetings telephonically or otherwise electronically without the physical presence of members of the legislative body, agency personnel, or the public. Until those Executive Orders are rescinded, or at such date determined by the Board of Directors, all meetings of the Board of Directors will be conducted by telephonic or other electronic means in accordance with applicable meeting requirements.

Section 3. ADMINISTRATIVE ENTITY MEETINGS. The regular meetings of the Administrative Entity shall be held, as necessary, on the third Thursday of every odd numbered month at 3 P.M. at Vernon City Hall, 4305 S. Santa Fe Ave., Vernon, California 90058. Until Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20 are rescinded, or at such date determined by the Board of Directors, all meetings of the Administrative Entity will be conducted by telephonic or other electronic means in accordance with applicable meeting requirements.

Section 4. This Resolution providing for the designation of Lead Agency and setting the date, time and place of regular meetings of the Board of Directors and Administrative Entity is effective July 1, 2022.

Section 5. The Chair of the Administrative Entity shall certify to the passage and adoption of this Resolution.

PASSED, APPROVED, and ADOPTED this 2nd day of June 2022.

_____
Chair, Board of Directors

ATTEST:

_____
Administrative Entity Chair

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-01

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY DESIGNATING A LEAD AGENCY FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JULY 1, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024 AND PROVIDING FOR MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ADMINISTRATIVE ENTITY

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY DOES HEREBY RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. DESIGNATION OF LEAD AGENCY. The Board of Directors hereby designates the City of Vernon to serve as Lead Agency for the period beginning July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2024.

Section 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETINGS. The regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held in-person, as necessary, on the first Thursday of every even numbered month at 7:00 P.M. at Vernon City Hall, 4305 S. Santa Fe Ave., Vernon, California 90058. Limited meeting teleconferencing will be possible under the requirements and limitations set forth under AB 2449.

Section 3. ADMINISTRATIVE ENTITY MEETINGS. The regular meetings of the Administrative Entity shall be held in-person, as necessary, on the third Thursday of every odd numbered month at 12 Noon at Vernon City Hall, 4305 S. Santa Fe Ave., Vernon, California 90058. Limited meeting teleconferencing will be possible under the requirements and limitations set forth under AB 2449.

Section 4. This Resolution rescinds and replaces Resolution 2022-1 previously approved by the Board on June 2, 2022. Resolution 2023-1, providing for the designation of Lead Agency and setting the date, time and place of regular meetings of the Board of Directors and Administrative Entity is effective immediately upon its approval by the Board.

Section 5. The Chair of the Administrative Entity shall certify to the passage and adoption of this Resolution.

PASSED, APPROVED, and ADOPTED this 2nd day of February 2023.

_____
Chair, Board of Directors

ATTEST:

_____
Administrative Entity Chair

Southeast Water Coalition
A joint powers authority to protect the Central Groundwater Basin

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION
JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
AGENDA REPORT

Date: February 2, 2023
To: Southeast Water Coalition Board of Directors
From: Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon
Ray Cordero, City of Whittier
Dan Mueller, City of Downey

SUBJECT: CALIFORNIA STATE WATER BOARDS' REQUIREMENTS FOR MONITORING OF PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES FOR SELECTED WATER PURVEYORS AND THEIR IMPACTS ON SEWC CITIES

Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Receive and file an update on the California Water Boards' requirements for monitoring certain PFAS substances by selected water purveyors, and their impacts on SEWC cities.

Background

There is an increasing statewide concern regarding the possible contamination of drinking water supplies by perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). In response, the State Water Resources Control Board began a comprehensive effort to investigate the nature and scope of the issue. As part of this effort, the State Water Board adopted General Orders DW 2020-0003-DDW and DW 2021-0001-DDW, both of which required identified water purveyors to test for PFAS in accordance with the terms of the order.

On October 31, 2022, the State Water Board Division of Drinking Water issued Order DW 2022-0001-DDW, which completely rescinded and replaced Orders DW 2020-0003-DDW and DW-2021-0001-DDW.

Purveyors received notification because one or more water sources for their public water system is required to test under Order DW 2022-0001-DDW. Attached to the Order is a list of the applicable requirements.

Purveyors that received notification also received Exhibit A, which lists the public water system sources that require testing under this Order, along with Exhibit B which lists the PFAS chemicals targeted for monitoring, aligning with EPA analytical method 533, and

provides minimum detection levels. Effective January 1, 2023, all public water systems listed in Exhibit A must begin monitoring the identified sources for PFAS chemicals listed in Exhibit B and report all findings to the State Water Board – unless otherwise specified. Monitoring shall consist of quarterly samples beginning with the first calendar quarter of 2023 and continuing until further notice.

In 2018, the Legislature passed, and the Governor signed, Assembly Bill 756 (AB 756). AB 756, which was codified as Health and Safety Code section 116378, provided the State Water Board with specific and increased authority to require public water systems to monitor for PFAS. AB 756 also increases the public notification process by varying degrees based on the concentration of PFAS detection. DDW developed a Frequently Asked Questions (AB 756 FAQ) to assist water systems.

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116378, DDW issued the Order requiring testing for PFOA and PFOS along with all additional analytes in the approved DDW testing methodology. As required by the Order, identified drinking water system sources that are specifically listed in the Order are at risk for potential contamination by PFAS due to its proximity with other water sources known to have confirmed PFAS detections.

Impacts on SEWC Cities

In general, the Division of Drinking Water's orders will impact SEWC cities primarily in two ways:

1. Increases the number of substances in the PFAS family that will require monitoring by the cities. Prior to the new orders, cities were monitoring for approximately eighteen (18) PFAS substances. With the implementation of the DDW's orders, city water departments will have to monitor for twenty-five (25) PFAS substances.
2. The new monitoring orders include more detailed and labor-intensive testing requirements that, per Mr. Dan Mueller, the SEWC Administrative Entity representative for the City of Downey, could lead to a 30% to 40% cost increase per sample.

Attachments:

1. Water Board cover letter
2. General Order DW 2022-0001-DDW
3. List of sources subject to the general order
4. Consumer Confidence Report Detection Levels (CCRDL) and Advisory Levels.

State Water Resources Control Board
Division of Drinking Water

Sent via email: insert recipient e-mail address here

October XX, 2022 PWS No. ##10###

Administrator's / Manager's First and Last Name
Contact Person's Position
Water System Name
Street Address
City, CA Zip

RESCISSION AND REISSUANCE OF GENERAL ORDER FOR MONITORING OF NAME OF THE PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM (PWS NO. ##10###) – PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES

There is increasing statewide concern regarding the possible contamination of drinking water supplies by perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). In response, the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board or board) initiated a comprehensive effort to investigate the nature and scope of the issue. As part of this effort, the State Water Board adopted General Orders DW 2020-0003-DDW and DW-2021-0001-DDW, one of which required your system to test for PFAS in accordance with the terms of the order.

The State Water Board Division of Drinking Water issued Order DW 2022-0001-DDW, which completely rescinded and replaced Orders DW 2020-0003-DDW and DW-2021-0001-DDW.

You are receiving this letter because one or more water sources for your public water system is required to test under Order DW 2022-0001-DDW. Please review the attached Order carefully to determine the applicable requirements.

Exhibit A (attached) lists the public water system sources that require testing under this Order. Exhibit B (attached) lists the PFAS chemicals targeted for monitoring, aligning with EPA analytical method 533, and provides minimum detection levels. Effective January 1, 2023, all public water systems listed in Exhibit A must begin monitoring the identified sources for PFAS chemicals listed in Exhibit B and report all findings to the State Water Board – unless otherwise specified. Monitoring shall consist of quarterly samples beginning with the first calendar quarter of 2023 and continuing until further notice. If the listed source(s) are no longer in service, please notify your respective Division of Drinking Water District (DDW) District office immediately.

In 2018, the Legislature passed, and the Governor signed, Assembly Bill 756 (AB 756). AB 756, which was codified as Health and Safety Code section 116378, provided the State Water Board with specific and increased authority to require public water systems to monitor for PFAS. AB756 also increases the public notification process by varying degrees based on the concentration of PFAS detection. DDW developed a Frequently Asked Questions (AB 756 FAQ) to assist water systems.

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116378, DDW is issuing the enclosed Order requiring testing for PFOA and PFOS along with all additional analytes in the approved DDW testing methodology. As specified in the enclosed Order, your drinking water system sources that are specifically listed in the Order are at risk for potential contamination by PFAS due to its proximity with other water sources known to have confirmed PFAS detections.

Links to additional resources are provided below:

AB756 FAQ:
https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/documents/pfos_and_pfoa/pfas_ab756_factsheet.pdf

PFAS sampling guidelines:
https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/pfas/docs/march_pfas_sampling_guidelines.pdf

The State Water Board's PFAS investigation focused on drinking water with additional links to background information, previous investigation results, health information, Notification Levels, Response Levels, and other useful information:
https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/pfas/drinking_water.html

The State Water Board's PFAS investigation home page which includes many useful links, including a listing of ELAP accredited labs to test for PFAS using EPA method 533:
https://waterboards.ca.gov/pfas

Any person who is aggrieved by this Order may file a petition with the State Water Board for reconsideration of this Order. Information regarding filing petitions may be found at:
http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/petitions/index.shtml

The State Water Board appreciates the hard work of California's Public Water Systems in maintaining safe drinking water at all times. The information gathered from the enclosed Order will assist the State Water Board in its mission to protect water resources and to address risks to health caused by PFAS in drinking water.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact me at [insert DE email contact].

Sincerely,

First Name Last Name, P.E.
District Engineer
Division of Drinking Water
STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

cc: LPA email contact (for LPA systems only)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD
DIVISION OF DRINKING WATER

ORDER DW 2022-0001-DDW

GENERAL ORDER REQUIRING MONITORING FOR PER AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES
CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE SECTION 116378

The State Water Resources Control Board ("State Water Board" or "Board"), acting by and through its Division of Drinking Water ("Division"), hereby issues General Order No. DW 2022-0001-DDW (hereinafter "Order") pursuant to section 116378 of the Health and Safety Code, as set forth below:

1. WHEREAS, Assembly Bill 756 (2019-Garcia), approved by the Governor on July 31, 2019, and codified as Health and Safety Code section 116378, authorizes the State Water Board to require public water systems to monitor for per and polyfluoroalkyl substances ("PFAS"), in accordance with conditions set by the Board; and
2. WHEREAS, Health and Safety Code section 116378, subdivision (a) requires a laboratory that has accreditation or certification pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 100825) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 101 of the Health and Safety Code to perform the analysis of any material required by an order issued pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116378; and
3. WHEREAS, an order issued pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116378 may apply to an individual public water system, specific groups of water systems, or to all public water systems; and

4. WHEREAS, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116378, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code does not apply to an order issued to groups of public water systems or all public water systems; and
5. WHEREAS, Health and Safety Code section 116378, subdivision (c)(1) states that if monitoring results in a confirmed detection, then a community water system or a nontransient-noncommunity water system must report that detection in the annual consumer confidence report. Section 116378, subdivision (c)(1) further states that unless the water source is taken out of use or new data becomes available to show that the applicable response level is no longer being exceeded, the community or nontransient-noncommunity water system will provide notice of the exceedance of the response level in the water system's consumer confidence report; and
6. WHEREAS, Health and Safety Code section 116378, subdivision (c)(2) states that in addition to the notice required by subdivision (c)(1), for PFAS with notification levels, a community water system or nontransient-noncommunity water system must report a detection which exceeds the notification level as required by Health and Safety Code section 116455; and
7. WHEREAS, Health and Safety Code section 116378, subdivision (c)(3) states that for PFAS with response levels where detected levels of a substance exceed the response level, a community water system or nontransient-noncommunity public water system must take the water source out of use, provide treatment or blending of the source, or provide public notification as specified therein; and
8. WHEREAS, among other things, Health and Safety Code section 116455 requires that within 30 days of a confirmed detection of a contaminant found in drinking water delivered by a public water system for human consumption that is in excess of a notification level set by the State Water Board, the public water

system which supplies water directly to the end user must notify the public water system's governing body and the governing body of any local agency whose jurisdiction includes areas supplied with drinking water by the water system. A local agency means a city or county. If the water system is a water company regulated by the California Public Utilities Commission ("Commission"), then the water system must also notify the Commission; and

9. WHEREAS, on August 22, 2019, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116455, the State Water Board: (1) updated the notification level for perfluorooctanoic acid ("PFOA") from 0.000014 mg/L to 0.0000051 mg/L; (2) updated the notification level for perfluorooctanesulfonic acid ("PFOS") from 0.000013 mg/L to 0.0000065 mg/L ; and
10. WHEREAS, on August 22, 2019, the Division requested the development of Public Health Goals (PHG) from the Office of Environmental Health and Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) for PFOA and PFOS; and
11. WHEREAS, on February 6, 2020, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116455, the State Water Board: (1) changed the response levels from a total combined PFOA and PFOS concentration of 0.000070 mg/l to 0.000010 mg/L for PFOA and 0.000040 mg/L for PFOS; and
12. WHEREAS, on March 5, 2021, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116455, the State Water Board established a perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS) notification level of 0.0005 mg/L and response level of 0.005 mg/L; and
13. WHEREAS, on October 31, 2022, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 116455, the State Water Board established a perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS) notification level of 0.000003 mg/L and response level of 0.00002 mg/L; and
14. WHEREAS, the State Water Board previously issued Orders DW 2020-0003 and DW 2021-0001 to various parties to monitor for PFAS; and

15. WHEREAS, the State Water Board intends, through this Order, to update the monitoring requirements for PFAS, based on the results of monitoring to date; and
16. WHEREAS, by and through this Order, the State Water Board is exercising its authority under Health and Safety Code section 116378 to require those public water systems listed in Exhibit A to this Order to monitor for PFAS in accordance with the conditions set forth below.

THEREFORE, the State Water Board, by and through its Division of Drinking Water, hereby expressly and completely rescinds Order DW 2021-0001 and Order DW 2020-0003 in their entirety and orders that the public water systems listed in Exhibit A to this Order, and if not listed, receives at a later date a Notice of Applicability, monitor for PFAS as follows:

1. On or before March 31st, 2023, collect a sample from the sources listed in Exhibit A to be analyzed for PFAS. Samples must be collected at least once each calendar quarter thereafter.
2. Public water systems that receive a permit amendment from DDW to treat for PFAS which specifies on-going PFAS monitoring requirements may submit a request to their DDW District Engineer for a modification or waiver to the monitoring required under this Order.
3. Samples collected must be analyzed using a laboratory accredited by the California Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) for analysis of PFAS using EPA Method 533. The laboratory must conduct and report electronically a complete analysis for all PFAS analytes under EPA Method 533.
4. A PFAS detection is a positive finding of a quantifiable amount above the established detection level requirement for any PFAS analyte tested pursuant to this Order. For the purposes of meeting the requirements in Health and Safety Code section 116378, the established detection level requirement for each PFAS

analyte will be identified as the Consumer Confidence Report Detection Level (CCRDL). The detection level requirement for each PFAS constituent for which monitoring is required in this Order is identified by the State Water Board and attached to this Order.

5. If a laboratory reports the detection of PFAS in any sample at a concentration greater than the established detection level, the water system will have the option of collecting one or two confirmation samples within 30 days of being notified of the initial detected result by the laboratory.
6. If a PFAS detection is followed by a confirmation sample with a result less than the reporting level, a second confirmation sample may be taken by the water system. Both the first and second confirmation samples must be collected within 30 days of the notification by the laboratory of the initial detected sample result. An initial detected result will be disregarded if both confirmation samples do not show the detection of the PFAS contaminant. If no confirmation sample – or only one confirmation sample – is collected, the initial detection must be presumed to be confirmed.
7. If the PFAS detection is confirmed, results of the initial and confirmation samples will be averaged to determine if the confirmed detection is greater than the applicable notification level and/or response level. For calculation purposes, a result below the established detection level will be assigned a value of zero when averaging.
8. If the PFAS detection is confirmed, the detection must be reported in the water system's annual consumer confidence report.
9. If two consecutive quarters of testing results are below those listed on the CCRDL attached, the public water system may submit a request to their DDW District Engineer for a modification or reduction in monitoring.

10. If the results of a PFAS detection are confirmed to exceed a notification level, the water system must report the detection as required by Health and Safety Code section 116455. Section 116455 notification is required within 30 days after the water system is first informed by the laboratory of a confirmed detection of the contaminant that exceeds the notification level. As required by section 116455, if the public water system is a retail water system, then the person operating the retail water system must notify the retail water system's governing body and the governing body of any local agency whose jurisdiction includes areas supplied with drinking water by the retail water system. If the public water system is a wholesale water system, then the person operating the wholesale water system must notify the wholesale water system's governing body and the water systems that are directly supplied with that drinking water.
11. The specific methodology to determine response level exceedances is dependent on the PFAS analyte and health endpoint. An exceedance may be determined by calculating a quarterly running annual average (QRAA), a single or confirmed sample, or as prescribed in the PFAS analytes Notification Level Issuance by DDW. To determine whether monitoring shows an exceedance of a response level, refer to the appropriate methodology of the PFAS analyte. Exhibit B provides a summary of this information but may not be inclusive as new advisory levels are issued.
12. To determine whether monitoring shows an exceedance of a response level for those PFAS analytes that do not use the QRAA method, either a single sample or a confirmed sample is used to determine if the response level is exceeded. Except for PFHxS, if laboratory analysis detects the presence of a constituent in any sample above the response level, the water system will have an option to conduct a confirmation sample within 30 days of being notified of the result by the laboratory. If a confirmation sample is collected and analyzed, all results will

be averaged. For PFHxS, if laboratory analysis detects the presence of a constituent in any sample above the response level, the water system will not have an option to conduct a confirmation sample and can request to the laboratory the use of the field duplicate to confirm the results. If the duplicate is analyzed, the result will be averaged.

13. To determine whether monitoring shows an exceedance of a response level for those PFAS analytes using the QRAA method, the water system must calculate a quarterly running annual average (QRAA). The QRAA means the average of sample results taken at an individual source, treatment effluent, or delivered water locations for the identified source during four calendar quarters. The QRAA is re-calculated each quarter using the most recent four quarters of results. A single sample may result in the exceedance of the response level. If any sample would cause the QRAA to exceed a response level, the water source would be deemed to have exceeded the response level. If sampling has just begun and there are less than 4 quarters of results to average, then the other quarters will be considered to have a zero value and the quarterly results would be divided by four. If a system takes more than one sample in a quarter, the average of all the results for that quarter must be used when calculating the running annual average. If a system fails to complete four consecutive quarters of monitoring, the running annual average must be based on an average of the available data by dividing the available data by the number of quarters for which data is available.
14. If any monitoring is undertaken pursuant to this Order results in a concentration of PFAS in the water entering the distribution system that exceeds a response level, the water system must either (1) take the source out of service immediately; (2) utilize treatment or blending; or (3) provide public notification of

the response level exceedance. Additionally, the exceedance of the response level must be reported in the annual consumer confidence report.

15. In addition to the sources listed in this Order, public water systems that provide treatment (example, blending, granular activated carbon, ion exchange, or reverse osmosis treatment) can also sample the treated or delivered water to determine notification requirements. If treated water or delivered water samples are proposed to be collected, please contact the local DDW district office for input on sampling location and configuration.
16. Public notification for community or nontransient-noncommunity water systems that are delivering water exceeding a response level must meet the requirements of Health and Safety Code section 116378 and either take the source out of use or complete the public notification requirements.
17. The results of all analyses conducted pursuant to this Order must be reported to the Board by the analyzing laboratory using the EDT (Electronic Data Transfer) process in accordance with Section 64469 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations. Analytical results must be reported no later than the 10th day of the month following the completion of the analysis.

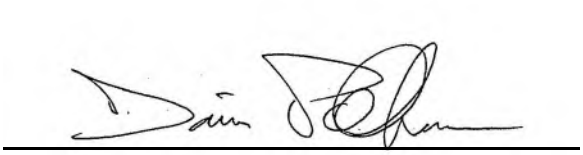
The State Water Board reserves the right to make modifications to this Order as it may deem necessary to protect public health and safety. Such modifications must be issued as amendments to this Order and must be effective upon issuance.

SEVERABILITY

The requirements of this Order are severable, and each public water system listed in Exhibit A must comply with each and every provision thereof notwithstanding the effectiveness of any provision.

FURTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTION

The California Safe Drinking Water Act authorizes the State Water Board to issue a citation or order with the assessment of administrative penalties to a public water system for violation or continued violation of the requirements of the California Safe Drinking Water Act or any regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder including. The California Safe Drinking Water Act also authorizes the State Water Board to take action to suspend or revoke a permit that has been issued to a public water system if the public water system has violated applicable law or regulations or has failed to comply with an order of the State Water Board, and to petition the superior court to take various enforcement measures against a public water system that has failed to comply with an order of the State Water Board.



October 31, 2022

Darrin Polhemus, Deputy Director
State Water Resources Control Board
Division of Drinking Water

Date

Exhibit A – List of Sources Subject to General Order DW 2022-0001-DDW
Exhibit B - Consumer Confidence Report Detection Levels (CCRDL) and Advisory Levels

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_002_002	WELL W1
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_004_004	WELL W11
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_005_005	WELL W12
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_006_006	WELL W2
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_007_007	WELL W3
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_008_008	WELL W4
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_009_009	WELL W5
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910042	PICO RIVERA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910042_010_010	WELL W6
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910044	GLENDORA-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910044_002_002	WELL 02E
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910044	GLENDORA-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910044_008_008	WELL 10E
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910044	GLENDORA-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910044_009_009	WELL 11E
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910065	LONG BEACH-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910065_014_014	CITIZENS WELL 09
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910065	LONG BEACH-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910065_063_063	COMMISSION WELL 25 - ASR WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910092	MONTEREY PARK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910092_004_004	WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910092	MONTEREY PARK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910092_006_006	WELL 05
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910092	MONTEREY PARK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910092_013_013	WELL 12
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910092	MONTEREY PARK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910092_038_038	WELL 15

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910102	PALMDALE WATER DIST.	CA1910102_032_032	WELL 32
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910105	PARAMOUNT - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910105_016_016	WELL 14
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910105	PARAMOUNT - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910105_025_025	WELL 15
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910125	PICO WD	CA1910125_004_004	WELL 04A
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910125	PICO WD	CA1910125_006_006	WELL 05A
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910125	PICO WD	CA1910125_009_009	WELL 08
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910125	PICO WD	CA1910125_011_011	WELL 10
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910125	PICO WD	CA1910125_019_019	WELL 11
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910137	THE BOEING COMPANY - HDAIT	CA1910137_001_001	SITE 01 WELL 01 (SOUTH)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910137	THE BOEING COMPANY - HDAIT	CA1910137_007_007	SITE 01 WELL 03 (SOUTH)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910139	CAL/AM WATER COMPANY - SAN MARINO	CA1910139_020_020	HOWLAND WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910139	CAL/AM WATER COMPANY - SAN MARINO	CA1910139_023_023	MARIPOSA WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910169	WALNUT PARK MUTUAL WATER CO.	CA1910169_003_003	WELL 10
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910169	WALNUT PARK MUTUAL WATER CO.	CA1910169_004_004	WELL 11
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910169	WALNUT PARK MUTUAL WATER CO.	CA1910169_008_008	WELL 12
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910173	WHITTIER-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910173_008_008	WELL 13
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910173	WHITTIER-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910173_009_009	WELL 14

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910173	WHITTIER-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910173_010_010	WELL 15
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910173	WHITTIER-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910173_011_011	WELL 16
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910173	WHITTIER-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910173_012_012	WELL 17
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910173	WHITTIER-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910173_013_013	WELL 18
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910174	SUBURBAN WATER SYSTEMS-WHITTIER	CA1910174_020_020	201-W7
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910174	SUBURBAN WATER SYSTEMS-WHITTIER	CA1910174_031_031	WELL 201-W8
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910174	SUBURBAN WATER SYSTEMS-WHITTIER	CA1910174_033_033	WELL 201-W9
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910174	SUBURBAN WATER SYSTEMS-WHITTIER	CA1910174_035_035	WELL 201-W10
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_004_004	WELL VO-8 (OLD BURBANK WELL 10)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_023_023	BURBANK OU WELL VO-1
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_024_024	BURBANK OU WELL VO-2
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_025_025	BURBANK OU WELL VO-3
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_026_026	BURBANK OU WELL VO-4
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_027_027	BURBANK OU WELL VO-5
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_028_028	BURBANK OU WELL VO-6
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910179	BURBANK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910179_029_029	BURBANK OU WELL VO-7
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 07 - HOLLYWOOD	CA1910186	CAL-AM WATER COMPANY - DUARTE	CA1910186_003_003	CROWNHAVEN WELL (LACFCD 4256)

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910108	CITY OF BELL GARDENS	CA1910108_004_004	WELL 01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910126	POMONA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910126_006_006	WELL 06
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910126	POMONA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910126_007_007	WELL 07
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910126	POMONA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910126_025_025	WELL 25
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910126	POMONA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910126_026_026	WELL 26
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910126	POMONA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910126_040_040	WELL 36
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910126	POMONA - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910126_049_049	WELL 05B
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910155	GSWC - SOUTHWEST	CA1910155_039_039	SOUTHERN WELL 05
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910155	GSWC - SOUTHWEST	CA1910155_043_043	BALLONA WELL 04
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910155	GSWC - SOUTHWEST	CA1910155_045_045	SOUTHERN WELL 06
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910155	GSWC - SOUTHWEST	CA1910155_069_069	BALLONA WELL 05
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_005_005	WELL 11
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_006_006	WELL 12
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_009_009	WELL 15
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_010_010	WELL 16
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_011_011	WELL 17
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_013_013	WELL 19

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_014_014	WELL 20
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910167	VERNON-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910167_025_025	WELL 21
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910191	NORWALK - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910191_002_002	LEFFINGWELL WELL 04
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910191	NORWALK - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910191_003_003	TADDY WELL 05
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910195	GSWC - HOLLYDALE	CA1910195_004_004	MCKINLEY WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910199	CALIFORNIA DOMESTIC WATER COMPANY	CA1910199_005_005	WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910199	CALIFORNIA DOMESTIC WATER COMPANY	CA1910199_007_007	WELL 06
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910199	CALIFORNIA DOMESTIC WATER COMPANY	CA1910199_008_008	WELL 08
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910199	CALIFORNIA DOMESTIC WATER COMPANY	CA1910199_014_014	WELL 14
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910199	CALIFORNIA DOMESTIC WATER COMPANY	CA1910199_020_020	WELL 10
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910199	CALIFORNIA DOMESTIC WATER COMPANY	CA1910199_021_021	WELL 02A
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910213	TORRANCE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910213_023_023	DELTHORNE PARK WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910213	TORRANCE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910213_024_024	CITY YARD WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910247	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-CASTAIC DIV.	CA1910247_001_001	WELL 01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910250	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-PINETREE DIV.	CA1910250_001_001	WELL 01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910250	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-PINETREE DIV.	CA1910250_003_003	WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 15 - METROPOLITAN	CA1910250	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-PINETREE DIV.	CA1910250_008_008	WELL 05

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910018	BELLFLOWER MUNICIPAL WATER SYSTEM	CA1910018_028_028	HIGH CAP WELL NO. 1
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910019	CERRITOS - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910019_001_001	WELL C-1
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910019	CERRITOS - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910019_002_002	WELL C-2
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910019	CERRITOS - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910019_003_003	WELL C-4
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_005_005	WELL 02 (OLD WELL 08)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_007_007	WELL 05 (STOAKES 13)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_009_009	WELL 07 (OLD WELL 302)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_010_010	WELL 08 (OLD WELL 05)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_011_011	WELL 09 (OLD WELL 04)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_012_012	WELL 10 (OLD PWC WELL 42C)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_014_014	WELL 12 (OLD PWC WELL 42B)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_016_016	WELL 14 (OLD WELL 02)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_017_017	WELL 15 (OLD WELL 06)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_018_018	WELL 16 (OLD WELL 10)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_019_019	WELL 17 (OLD PWC WELL 05E)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_020_020	WELL 18 (OLD WELL 11)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_021_021	WELL 19 (OLD WELL 01)

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_024_024	WELL 23 (OLD WELL 07)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_026_026	WELL 25 (OLD WELL 09)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_029_029	WELL 29 (OLD PWC WELL 01C)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_030_030	WELL 30 (OLD PWC WELL 01D)
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_032_032	WELL 04
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910034	DOWNEY - CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910034_033_033	WELL 11
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_002_002	WELL 02-A
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_003_003	WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_006_006	WELL 10 LACFC 2972Q
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_008_008	WELL 12 - ACTIVE
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_009_009	WELL 13 - ACTIVE
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_043_043	WELL 14
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_044_044	WELL 15
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910038	EL MONTE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910038_045_045	WELL 16
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910070	LOS ANGELES CWWD 40,REG 4 & 34-LANCASTER	CA1910070_040_040	WELL 04-65
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910070	LOS ANGELES CWWD 40,REG 4 & 34-LANCASTER	CA1910070_094_094	WELL 04-76
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 16 - CENTRAL	CA1910070	LOS ANGELES CWWD 40,REG 4 & 34-LANCASTER	CA1910070_095_095	WELL 04-77

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910048	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-IMPORTED DIVIS	CA1910048_004_004	SAUGUS WELL 01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910048	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-IMPORTED DIVIS	CA1910048_005_005	SAUGUS WELL 02
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910049	HUNTINGTON PARK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910049_005_005	WELL 14
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910049	HUNTINGTON PARK-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910049_010_010	WELL 18
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910050	COMMERCE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910050_005_005	WELL 04L
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910050	COMMERCE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910050_008_008	WELL 07-01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910053	HEMLOCK MUTUAL WATER CO.	CA1910053_001_001	NORTH WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910053	HEMLOCK MUTUAL WATER CO.	CA1910053_002_002	SOUTH WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910066	LEISURE LAKE MOBILE ESTATES	CA1910066_001_001	WELL 01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910066	LEISURE LAKE MOBILE ESTATES	CA1910066_002_002	WELL 02
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910079	LYNWOOD-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910079_005_005	WELL 05 - ACTIVE
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910079	LYNWOOD-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910079_016_016	WELL 19 - ACTIVE
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910097	NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORP.	CA1910097_001_001	SITE 4 - EAST WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910097	NORTHROP GRUMMAN CORP.	CA1910097_002_002	SITE 4 - WEST WELL
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910117	MONTEBELLO-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910117_004_004	MONTEBELLO WELL 01
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910147	SATIVA WATER SYSTEM	CA1910147_002_002	WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910147	SATIVA WATER SYSTEM	CA1910147_005_005	WELL 05

County	Regulating Agency	PWS ID	Water System Name	PSCode	Source Name
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910152	SOUTH GATE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910152_007_007	WELL 14
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910152	SOUTH GATE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910152_008_008	WELL 18
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910152	SOUTH GATE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910152_009_009	WELL 19
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910152	SOUTH GATE-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910152_014_014	WELL 24
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910153	SOUTH MONTEBELLO IRRIGATION DIST.	CA1910153_003_003	WELL 03
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910153	SOUTH MONTEBELLO IRRIGATION DIST.	CA1910153_005_005	WELL 05
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910153	SOUTH MONTEBELLO IRRIGATION DIST.	CA1910153_009_009	WELL 07
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910156	BEVERLY HILLS-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910156_028_028	MAPLE WELL 1
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910156	BEVERLY HILLS-CITY, WATER DEPT.	CA1910156_029_029	MAPLE WELL 2
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910211	LIBERTY UTILITIES - BELLFLOWER-NORWALK	CA1910211_016_016	WELL 28-B
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910211	LIBERTY UTILITIES - BELLFLOWER-NORWALK	CA1910211_025_025	WELL 40-D
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910211	LIBERTY UTILITIES - BELLFLOWER-NORWALK	CA1910211_026_026	WELL 41-A
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910211	LIBERTY UTILITIES - BELLFLOWER-NORWALK	CA1910211_031_031	WELL 46-C
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910240	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-VALENCIA DIVIS	CA1910240_017_017	WELL W-9
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910240	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-VALENCIA DIVIS	CA1910240_018_018	WELL U-4
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910240	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-VALENCIA DIVIS	CA1910240_021_021	WELL D
LOS ANGELES	DISTRICT 22 - ANGELES	CA1910240	SANTA CLARITA VALLEY W.A.-VALENCIA DIVIS	CA1910240_025_025	WELL S-8

Exhibit B - CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT DETECTION LEVELS (CCRDL) and ADVISORY LEVELS

	Constituent	CCRDL[1], ng/L	Notification Level, ug/L or ng/L	Response Level, ug/L or ng/L	Exceedance Methodology[2]
1	11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid (11Cl-PF3OUdS)	5			
2	1*H*,1*H*, 2*H*, 2*H*-perfluorodecane sulfonic acid (8:2FTS)	5			
3	1*H*,1*H*, 2*H*, 2*H*-perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (4:2FTS)	3			
4	1*H*,1*H*, 2*H*, 2*H*-perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (6:2FTS)	5			
5	4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid (ADONA)	3			
6	9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid (9Cl-PF3ONS)	2			
7	hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (GenX)	5			
8	nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid (NFDHA)	20			
9	perfluoro (2-ethoxyethane) sulfonic acid (PFEESA)	3			
10	perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid (PFMPA)	4			
11	perfluoro-4-methoxybutanoic acid (PFMBA)	3			
12	perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	3	0.5 ug/L	5 ug/L	Single or confirmed sample[2a]
13	perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	5			
14	perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)	3			
15	perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA)	3			

	Constituent	CCRDL[1], ng/L	Notification Level, ug/L or ng/L	Response Level, ug/L or ng/L	Exceedance Methodology[2]
16	perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS)	3			
17	perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA)	3			
18	perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	3	3 ng/L	20 ng/L	Single or confirmed sample[2b]
19	perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)	3			
20	perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	4			
21	perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	4	6.5 ng/L	40 ng/L	QRAA[2c]
22	perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	4	5.1 ng/L	10 ng/L	QRAA[2c]
23	perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS)	4			
24	perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA)	3			
25	perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA)	2			

NOTES:

1. The CCRDL is based on the US EPA UCMR 5 minimum reporting levels (MRLs) for 25 EPA 533 constituents. Reference: https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2022-02/ucmr5-factsheet.pdf

2. The specific methodology to determine response level exceedances is dependent on the PFAS analyte and health endpoint. An exceedance may be determined by a single or confirmed sample, by calculating a quarterly running annual average (QRAA), or as prescribed in the PFAS analytes Notification Level Issuance by DDW

   a. Single or confirmed sample for PFBS: If laboratory analysis results exceed the response level, the water system will have an option to conduct a confirmation sample within 30 days of being notified of the result by the laboratory. If a

confirmation sample is collected and analyzed, results will be averaged within that quarter to determine if the confirmed detection is greater than the response level.

b. Single or confirmed sample for PFHxS: If the laboratory analysis result exceeds the response level (RL), the laboratory will notify the PWS within 48 hours of obtaining the result. The water system could request to the laboratory the use of the field duplicate to confirm the results. If the duplicate is analyzed, the result will be averaged. If the average result is higher than the RL, report the result to State Water Resource Control Board (SWRCB) within 48 hours of receiving the results. If the average does not exceed the RL, inform the SWRCB of the results within seven days of the receipt of the confirmation sample analytical result.

c. QRAA: Using the QRAA method, the water system must calculate a quarterly running annual average (QRAA). The QRAA means the average of sample results taken at an individual source, treatment effluent, or delivered water locations for the identified source during four calendar quarters. The QRAA is re-calculated each quarter using the most recent four quarters of results. A single sample may result in the exceedance of the response level. If any sample would cause the QRAA to exceed a response level, the water source would be deemed to have exceeded the response level. If sampling has just begun and there are less than 4 quarters of results to average, then the other quarters will be considered to have a zero value and the quarterly results would be divided by four.

3. Shaded cells represent the analytes that DDW is requesting health-based recommendations and advisory levels.

Southeast Water Coalition
A joint powers authority to protect the Central Groundwater Basin

SOUTHEAST WATER COALITION
JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
AGENDA REPORT

Date: February 2, 2023
To: Southeast Water Coalition Board of Directors
From: Joanna Moreno, AE Chair, City of Vernon

Subject: CITIES' REPRESENTATION ON THE CENTRAL BASIN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT BOARD

Recommendation: That the Board take the following action:

Discuss the status of a nominee to fill the currently vacant *At Large – Cities* representative seat on the Central Basin Municipal Water District Board.

Background

The Central Basin Municipal Water District's (CBMWD) Board of Directors is currently made-up of seven (7) members, four (4) elected members and three (3) appointed members. One additional Board seat, the *At Large-Cities* representative is currently empty. This seat needs to be filled by March of this year and the new representative's term will run through February 2025, when the current term expires.

Currently Mr. Thomas Bekele, the Public Works Director at the City of Signal Hill has volunteered to serve as the *At Large – Cities* representative on the CBMWD Board.

The CBMWD is accepting nominations for the *At Large – Cities* Board seat until February 6, 2023.

Attachment(s):

1. CBMWD General Manager Alex Rojas' email of January 18, 2023.

Board Nominations

From: Alex Rojas (alexr@centralbasin.org)

To: cbmwdteam@centralbasin.org; rbaker@bknlawyers.com

Date: Wednesday, January 18, 2023, 10:54 AM PST

Good morning.

Just wanted to update you on the status of our board nominations. As you may know the terms for the At-Large (Gualtieri) and Large Users (Negrete) board seats expire February 2023.

We have sent out nomination forms to replace these positions. Nominations close early February and voting will take place prior to the end of February. These two seats will be seated and start attending meetings beginning March 1, 2023.

The Cities seat was vacated in November 2022 due to a change in personnel for the city. This vacancy will also be filled in March 2023, but will only serve until February 2025 which is when the current term expires.

Nomination forms have already been returned to us and will be opened at a special purveyors workshop followed by the counting of the votes at a second special purveyors workshop.

The purveyors are very happy with the turnaround of the district and look forward to our continued collaboration.

Best.

Alex Rojas
General Manager
Phone 323.201.5548 **Mobile** 323.895.6185
Web centralbasin.org
Email alexr@centralbasin.org

You're receiving this message because you're a member of the CBMWD BOD group from Central Basin Municipal Water District. To take part in this conversation, reply all to this message.

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